LU et al.

Application No.: 09/724,553

Page 2

Gilt

transmembrane neurotransmitter receptors through intracellular interactions. PDZ domains contain the signature sequence GLGF (SEQ ID NO:407). In the nervous system, typical PDZ domain-containing proteins contain three PDZ domains, one SH3 domain and one guanylate kinase domain. Examples of intracellular PDZ domain-containing proteins include LIN-2, LIN-7 and LIN-10 at the pre-synapse, and PSD95 at the post-synapse.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 14, line 26, with the following:

BD

--FIGURE 8 Binding of a 20-mer peptide (1 uM) corresponding to the C-terminus of BLR-1 (CXCR5) to KIAA0807 (PDZ domain)-GST fusion protein can be inhibited by an 8-mer peptide (SEQ ID NO:1) corresponding to the C-terminus of BLR-1 and a small molecule inhibitor (acetyl-LTTF; SEQ ID NO:2). 50% inhibition can be achieved by greater than 100 uM of the 8-mer peptide and 1 uM of the small molecule inhibitor.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 14, line 32, with the following:



--FIGURE 9 Binding of a 20-mer peptide (10 uM) corresponding to the C-terminus of DOCK2 to KIAA0807 (PDZ domain)-GST fusion protein can be inhibited by an 8-mer peptide (SEQ ID NO:3) corresponding to the C-terminus of DOCK2 and a small molecule inhibitor (acetyl-STDL; SEQ ID NO:29). 50% inhibition can be achieved by 250 uM of the 8-mer peptide and less than 250 uM of the small molecule inhibitor.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 15, line 32, with the following:



--5.3 As used herein, the term "PDZ domain" refers to protein sequence (i.e., modular protein domain) of approximately 90 amino acids, characterized by homology to the brain synaptic protein PSD-95, the Drosophila septate junction protein Discs-Large (DLG), and the epithelial tight junction protein ZO1 (ZO1). PDZ domains are also known as Discs-Large homology repeats ("DHRs") and GLGF (SEQ ID NO:407) repeats. PDZ domains generally appear to maintain a core consensus sequence (Doyle, D. A., 1996, *Cell* 85: 1067-76).--

4.

LU et al. Application No.: 09/724,553 Page 3

Please replace the paragraph (Table 2, Page 1 of this table) beginning at page 30, line 1, with the following (see attached sheet):

1	JUL 3	0 200	-
10			
13	<u>.</u>	EMARK OFFI	
/3	Te .	"MOZ	
	· PAI	EMPL	

- Janes			SEQ ID	CASK	MPP1	LIMK1	K303	K807	DLG1	PSD95
PDZ LIGAND	CODE	SEQ	NO:	_						
CD6	AA6L	ISAA	14							
CD49E (alpha-4)	AA11L	TSDA	24							
CD49F (A form, alpha6)	AA12L	TSDA	24							
CD105 (endoglin)	AA16L	SSMA	159							
CD166 (CD6L)	AA20L	KTEA	64							-
CC CKR-2	AA42L	KEGA	461							
CD138 (syndecan-1)	AA18L	EFYA	89	*						
Syndecan-2 (S)	AA39L	EFYA	89							
CD148 (DEP-1)	AA19L	GYIA	119							
CD98 (2F4) (S)	AA15L	PYAA	54							
CLASP-1	AA1L	SAEV	175						G	Α
CLASP-4	AA3L-V	YAEV	192						Α	Α
NMDA .	AA34.2L	ESDV	223		Α	Α			A/G	A/G
VCAM1	AA17L	KSKV	197		Α		Α	G'/G"	Α	
CLASP-2	AA2L	ssvv	187						A/G	A/G
CD95 (Apo-1/Fas)	AA13L	QSLV	44						A/G/G'	A/G/G'
Spectrin beta (S)	AA32L	VSFV	244		G*		G*	G'/G"	G'/G"	G'/G"
KV1.3	AA33L	FTDV	202			Α		G'/G"	*A/G/G'/G"	*A/G/G'/G"
DNAM-1	AA22L	KTRV	74		Α				Α	A/G/G'
Neuroglin 3	AA36L	TTRV	249					G"		
TAX	AA56L	ETEV	250					G'	G'/G"	G'/G"
CD83	AA47L	TELV	177						Α	Α
CD44 (long form)	AA9L	KIGV	104		G					
Neurexin (S)	AA38L	EYYV	228	G*	A*	Α			A/G	A/G
CD97 (CD55L)	AA14L	ESGI	49						Α	
CD38 (S)	AA8L	TSEI	19					G'		G'
Mannose receptor	AA31L	HSVI	139							
Glycophorin C	AA37L	EYFI	233		*	·			G	G
Galectin3	AA26L	YTMI	134							
CDw128A (IL8RA)	AA29.1L	SSNL	69						Α	
CD3n	AA4L	SSQL	4					G"	Α	Α
LPAP	AA30L	VTAL	84					G'/G"	Α	
CD46 (form 1)	AA10L	FTSL	109					G'/G"	A/G	A/G
CDw128B (IL8RB)	AA29.2L	STTL	258					G'/G"	A/G	Α
DOCK2	AA40L	STDL	207					G'/G"	Α	A/G
PAG	AA58L	ITRL	253					G'		
CD34	AA7L	DTEL	149					G'/G"	A	Α
CD5	AA49L	AQRL	251							
CC CKR-4	AA44L	HDAL	252							
FceRlb	AA25L	PIDL	129							
CDw137 (4-1BB ILA) (S)	AA21L	GCEL	59							
FasLigand	AA23L-M	LYKL	79							
CD62E	AA48L	SYIL	168							
CC CKR-1R	AA41L	SAGF	263							
CDw125 (IL5R)	AA28L	DSVF	94							
BLR-1	AA45L	LTTF	217					G'		
CC CKR-3	AA43L	SIVF	264							
CD114 (G-CSFR)	AA27L	LGSF	265							
V-gated Ca2+ channel (S)	AA46L	DHWC	266							
PDZ-GST fusion Protein:	l	L		CASK	MPP1	LIMK	K303	K807	DLG1	PSD95

Ç

LU et al. Application No.: 09/724,553 Page 4



PATENT

Please replace the paragraph (Table 3) beginning at page 40, line 1, with the following (see attached sheets).



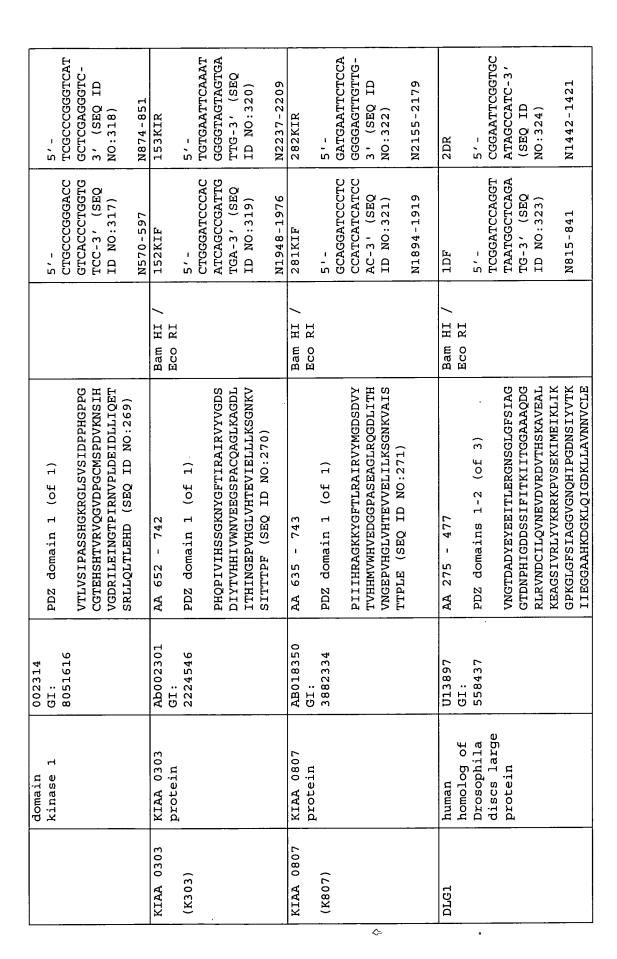
ď

·:

have several database entries under different accession numbers and names. Accession numbers shown correspond to the gene name used in this description, and numbering of nucleotides and amino acids correlates to the Genbank entry versions specified by the given accession number. Amino acid sequences shown correspond to the cloned DNA portions of PDZ domain containing corresponds to a linker amino acid introduced by the cloning process but is not represented at that position in the corresponding Key: Gene names and corresponding gene products are provided. In some cases, cDNA sequences representing the same gene genes. As is apparent from the primer sequences, in some constructs, the first N-terminal and / or last C-terminal amino acid gene. PCR primers were designed such that restriction nuclease recognition sites were generated at the ends of the RT-PCR generated fragments. Therefore, 5' primer sequences do not entirely match with the corresponding cDNA sequences.

GENE	PROTEIN	ACC.#	AMINO ACID SEQUENCE	CLON.	FORWARD	REVERSE
SYMBOL				SITES	PRIMER	PRIMER
CASK	Homo sapiens	Y17138	AA 495 - 584	Bam HI /	6CAF	7CAR
	CASK protein	GI:		Eco RI		
		3087817	PDZ domain 1 (of 1)		5′-	5′-
					TCGGATCCATGT	TCGGAATTCAGAC
					GACCAGAGTTCG	TGAGTGCGGTA-
			TRVRLVQFQKNTDEPMGITLKMNELNHC		G-3' (SEQ ID	3, (SEQ ID
			IVARIMHGGMIHRQGTLHVGDEIREING		NO:313)	NO:314)
			ISVANQTVEQLQKMLREMRGSITFKIVP			
			SYRTQS (SEQ ID NO:267)		N1471-1494	N1761-1738
MPP1	55 Kd	M64925	AA 101 - 186	/ IH meg	62MPF	63MPR
	erythrocyte	GI:		Bam HI		
	membrane	189785	PDZ domain 1 (of 1)		2, -	5′-
	protein				GGGATCCGGAAA	ACGGATCCGCTGG
			RKVRLIQFEKVTEEPMGITLKLNEKQSC		GTGCGACTCATA	TTGGGAATTACTT
			TVARILHGGMIHRQGSLHVGDEILEING		C-3' (SEQ ID	-3' (SEQ ID
			TNVTNHSVDQLQKAMKETKGMISLKVIP		NO:315)	NO:316)
			NQ (SEQ ID NO:268)			
					N296-320	N568-543
LIMK1	human LIM	NM	AA 194 - 291	SMA I	SZLIFP	S3LIRP
				:		





Out De

Œ.

Table 3Page 3 of this table

			EVTHEEAVTALKNTSDFVYLKVAKPTSM YMNDGYA (SEQ ID NO:272)			
PSD95	human post- synantic	U83192	AA 387 - 724	Bam HI /	8PSF	11PSR
)	3318652	PDZ domains 1-3 (of 3)		5'-	5' - ECCCCE
_	protein 95		EGEMEYEEITLERGNSGLGFSIAGGTDN		GGGGGAGATGGA	TACTCTTCTGG-
			PHIGDDPSIFITKIIPGGAAAQDGRLRV		-3' (SEQ ID	3' (SEQ ID
			NDSILFVNEVDVKEVIRSAAVEALKEAG SIVRLYVMRRKPPAEKVMEIKLIKGPKG		NO:323)	NO:326)
			LGFSIAGGVGNQHIPGDNSIYVTKIIEG		N1150-1173	N2191-2168
			GAAHKDGRLQIGDKILAVNSVGLEDVMH FDAVAALKNTYDVYYIKVAKPSNAYISD	Ÿ		
			SYAPPDITTSYSQHLDNEISHSSYLGTD	•		
			YPTAMTPTSPRRYSPVAKDLLGEEDIPR			
			EPRRIVIHRGSTGLGFNIVGGEDGEGIF			
			ISFILAGGPADLSGELRKGDQILSVNGV			•
			DLRNASHEQAAIALKNAGQTVTIIAQYK PE (SEQ ID NO:273)			
NeDLG	Pre-synaptic	U49089	AA 205 - 389		71NEDF	72NEDR
	protein	GI:		Eco RI		
	sap102	1515354	PDZ domains 1-2 (of 3)		2, -	2, -
	(neuroendo-				CAGGATCCAATA	TTGAATTCGAGGC
	crine-dlg)		YEEIVLERGNSGLGFSIAGGIDNPHVPD		TGAGGAAATCGT	
			DPGIFITKIIPGGAAAMDGRLGVNDCVL		ACTTG-3'	-3' (SEQ ID
			RVNEVEVSEVVHSRAVEALKEAGPVVRL VVRRROPPFTTMEVNI.I.KGPKGI.GFST		(SEQ ID	NO:328)
			AGGIGNOHIPGDNSIYITKIIEGGAAOK			
			DGRLQIGDRLLAVNNTNLQDVRHEEAVA		N608-635	N1186-1161
			SLKNTSDMVYLKVAKPGS (SEQ ID NO:274)			
Gym-	S.m.trophin	1140571	AD 96 - 189	Ram HT /	124SVF	1258VP
cyn trophin	alpha 1	GI:	2			31
alpha 1	protein	1145727	PDZ domain 1 (of 1)		5′-	5, -

interpretation



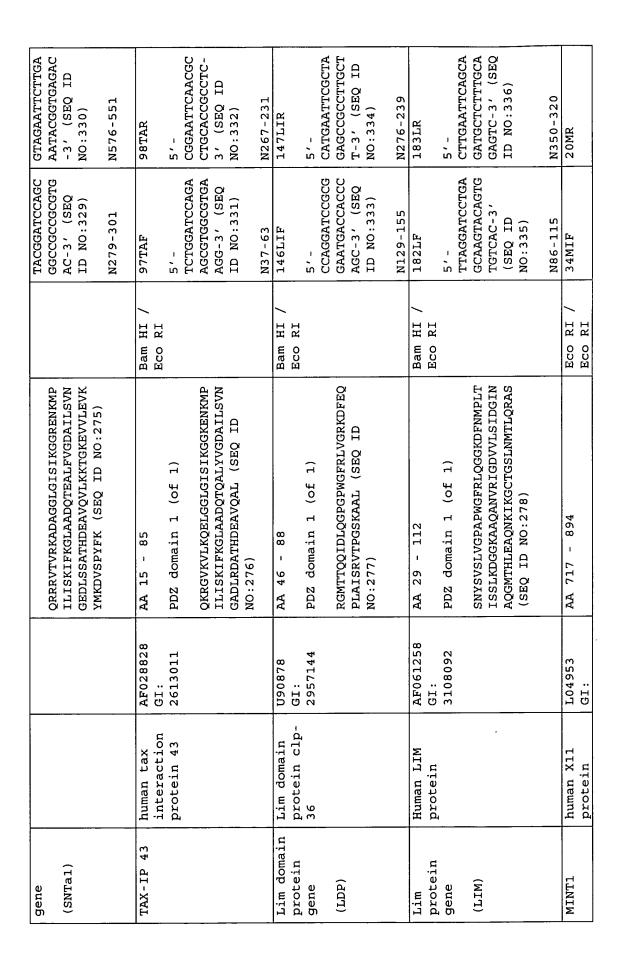




Table 3
Page 5 of this table

		340408	1-2 (of 2)		- / 4	, u
) ;	10) 1 t automos		CGGAATTCGGAA	ないらないよしなならないよ
			SENCKDVFIEKQKGEILGVVIVESGWGS		AACTGTAAAGAT	GCCTGTACATCG-
			ILPTVIIANMHGGPAEKSGKLNIGDQI		G-3' (SEQ ID	3, (SEQ ID
			MSINGTSLVGLPLSTCQSIIKGLENQSR		NO:337)	NO:338)
			VKLNIVRCPPVTTVLIRRPDLRYQLGFS			
			VQNGIICSLMRGGIAERGGVRVGHRIIE		N2149-2167	N2690-2666
			INGQSVVATPHEKIVHILSNAVGEIHMK			
			TMPAAMYRLL (SEQ ID NO:279)			
X11 beta	Homo sapiens	AF047348	AA 558 - 843		133 XF	134 XR
	adaptor	GI:		Eco RI		
	protein X11-	3005559	PDZ domains 1-2 (of 2)		5'-	5'-
	beta				ACCGGATCCACT	AGCGAATTCTCCT
			HFSNSENCKELQLEKHKGEILGVVVVES		TCTCAAACTCGG	GACCCGTGAGGAG
			GPOSTILE IVILENCIAL SECTION OF THE PROPERTY OF		AG-3' (SEQ TD MO.330)	NO.240)
			NOTOVKLNIVSCPPVTTVLIKRPDLKYO		10 NO:339)	NO:340)
			LGFSVONGIICSLMRGGIAERGGVRVGH		N1865-1890	N2422-2438
			RIIEINGOSVVATAHEKIVOALSNSVGE			
			IHMKTMPAAMFRLLTGQEN (SEQ ID			
			NO:280)			
KIAA 0440	KIAA 0440	AB007900	AA 285 - 362		230KIF	231KIR
(K440)	procein	GI:	DDS domain 1 (of 1)	ECO KI	- -	-
(2111)		200	101 + 111		E 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	
	-				AGGGAATTCATC	CAGAATTCATGCG
			SSVEMILIKKNGLGQLGFHVNYEGIVADV		GGTGGAGATGAC	GGGGAATGATGAC
			EPYGYAWQAGLKQGSKLVEICKVAVATL		TCTGC-3'	AAC-3' (SEQ
			SHEQMIDLLRTSVTVKVVIIPPHE		(SEQ ID	ID NO:342)
			(SEQ ID NO:281)		NO:341)	
					N843-871	N1066-1094
KIAA 0545	KIAA 0545	AB011117	AA 308 - 390		293TF	294TR
	protein	GI:		Eco RI		
(K545)		3043613	PDZ domain 1 (of 1)		5'-	5'-
					CCGGATCCCGAG	AATGAATTCGAAG



AATGAATTCGAAG CATGAATTCCAGA GCGAGGCTCCGTG ACTTTTGGGTGTA GCCCTCTTGGGCT GCCCTCTTGGGCT TGTGGAATTCCTT G-3' (SEQ ID G-3' (SEQ ID TCGC-3' (SEQ AGC-3' (SEQ ID NO:350) ID NO:346) N497-468 N672-646 N672-646 N429-401 NO:344) NO:348) 93TAR 198TR 294TR 143MR 51-CCGGATCCCGAG GCGAGACCAAGG GCGAGACCAAGG AGGGGATCCGCA AGGAGGTGGAGG GTGGGATCCACT CCCACCCTCGAG TAG-3' (SEQ ID NO:349) N384-411 92TAF N208-234 N154-182 AGGTG-3' N384-411 TGTTC-3' AGGTG-3' (SEQ ID (SEQ ID (SEQ ID NO:345) NO:347) NO:343) 197TF 293TF 142MF Bam HI , Eco RI Bam HI Eco RI Bam HI Bam HI Eco RI Eco RI HSHPRVVELPKTDEGLGFNVMGGKEQNS RKEVEVFKSEDALGLTITDNGAGYAFIK AFIKRIKEGSIINRIEAVCVGDSIEAIN DHSIVGCRHYEVAKMLRELPKSOPFTLR PIYISRIIPGGVAERHGGLKRGDQLLSV **AEVEDYGFAWQAGLRQGSRLVEICKVAV** RIKEGSVIDHIHLISVGDMIEAINGQSL LGCRHYEVARLLKELPRGRTFTLKLTEP IRGETKEVEVTKTEDALGLTITDNGAGY NGVSVEGEHHEKAVELLKAAKDSVKLVV SGWETVDMTLRRNGLGQLGFHVKYDGTV Page 6 of this table VTLTHDQMIDLLRTSVTVKVVIIPPFE LVQPKRAFE (SEQ ID NO:284) RYTPKVL (SEQ ID NO:285) PDZ domain 1 (of 1) PDZ domain 1 (of 1) RK (SEQ ID NO:283) PDZ domain 1 of (SEQ ID NO:282) - 273 - 221 AA 54 - 140 - 162 AA 130 AA 185 AA 73 AF028824 GI: AC005175 AF028826 3253116 2613007 2613003 X82895 GI: GI: GI: interaction interaction protein 33 tax intermaguk p55 protein 2 human tax human tax subfamily protein 2-like action TAX-IP 2-TAX-IP 33 TAX-IP2 like MPP2



	member 2	939884	PDZ domain 1 (of 1)		5,-	5′-
					TCAGGATCCAGC	ATGGAATTCCTGG
			PVPPDAVRMVGIRKTAGEHLGVTFRVEG		CTGTACCTCCCG	TAGTTGGGCAGGA
			GELVIARILHGGMVAQQGLLHVGDIIKE		ATGC-3' (SEQ	TC-3, (SEO.ID
			VNGQPVGSDPRALQELLRNASGSVILKI		ID NO:351)	NO:352)
			LPNYQ (SEQ ID NO:286)		N542-569	N828-801
MINT3	human MINT3	AF029110	AA 11 - 52	Bam HI /	188MF	189MR
		GI:				
		3169808	PDZ domain 1 (of 1)		5′-	5′-
					ACTGGATCCCCG	CTCGAATTCCGTG
			PVTTAIIHRPHAREQLGFCVEDGIVRPR PLAPGWGGRAALST (SEQ ID		TCACCACCGCCA TCATC-3'	CTCAGGGCCGCCC TA-3' (SEQ ID
			NO:287)		(SEQ ID	NO:356)
					NO:353)	
				- 1	N23-51	N165-138
TIP-1	Homo sapiens	AF028823	AA 14 - 117	Bam H1 /	86TAF	87TAR
	Tax	GI:		Eco RI		
	interaction	2613001	PDZ domain 1 (of 1)		5'-	5'-
	protein 1				CAGGGATCCAAA	ACGGAATTCTGCA
			QRVEIHKLRQGENLILGFSIGGGIDQDP		GAGTTGAAATTC	GCGACTGCCGCGT
			SQNPFSEDKTDKGIYVTRVSEGGPAEIA		ACAAGC-3'	C-3' (SEQ ID
			GLQIGDKIMQVNGWDMTMVTHDQARKRL		(SEQ ID	NO:356)
			TKRSEEVVRLLVTRQSLQK (SEQ ID NO:288)		NO:355)	
					N10-39	N305-331
PTN-4	protein-	M68941	AA 774 - 862	Bam HI /	247PTF	248PTR
	phosphatase	190747	PDZ domain 1 (of 1)		5/-	5′-
	med1				ATCGGATCCTAA	ATCGAATTCAGCA
			LIRMKPDENGRFGFNVKGGYDQKMPVIV		TCAGAATGAAAC	TTAGGTCGAACTA
			SRVAPGTPADLCVPRLNEGDQVVLINGR		CTG-3, (SEQ	G-3, (SEQ ID
			DIAEHTHDQVVLFIKASCERHSGELMLL		ID NO:357)	NO:358)
			VRPNA (SEQ ID NO:289)			
					N2312-2338	N2595-2569
prIL16	putative	S81601	AA 170 - 383	Bam HI /	75PRF	76PRR

Const



Table 3Page 8 of this table

	interleukin 16 precursor	GI: 1478492	PDZ domain 1-2 (of 2)	Eco RI	5	5' -
			IHVTILHKEEGAGLGFSLAGGADLENKV ITVHRVFPNGLASQEGTIQKGNEVLSIN		ACGGGATCCATG TCACCATCTTAC AC-3' (SEQ	GTGAATTCCTTGG ACTGGAGGCTTTT TC-3' (SEQ ID
			TRKLTPEAMPDLNSSTDSAASASASDV		TD NO:339)	NO:380)
			SVESTAEATVCTVTLEKMSAGLGFSLEG GKGSLHGDKPLTINRIFKGAASEQSETV		N503-528	N1157-1129
			QPGDEILQLGGTAMQGLTRFEAWNIIKA LPDGPVTIVIRRKSLQSK (SEQ ID NO:290)			
						,
י טן	Cytohesin	AF08836	AA 85 - 76	Bam HI /	235CYF	236CYR
QΩ	protein HE	3192908	PDZ domain 1 (of 1)	בנס או	5′-	5′-
					CCTGGATCCAAA	TCAGAATTCCATT
			QRKLVTVEKQDNETFGFEIQSYRPQNQN		GAAAGCTTGTTA	
			ACSSEMFTLICKIQEDSPAHCAGLQAGD VLANINGVSTEGFTYKQVVDLIRSSGNL		CTGTG-3' (SEQ ID	-3' (SEQ ID NO:362)
			LTIETLNG (SEQ ID NO:291)		NO:361)	
					7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	0.00
					N246-2/4	N535-510
	Hypoth. 41.8 kD	AF007156 GI:	AA 4 - 85	Bam HI / Eco RI	145HF	146HR
щ	protein	2852637	PDZ domain 1 (of 1)		5′-	5′-
					GTGGGATCCGAG	CTGGAATTCGCCT
			RDSGAMLGLKVVGGKMTESGRLCAFITK		ATTCAGGAGCAA	TGAAACTACAAGT
			VKKGSLADTVGHLRPGDEVLEWNGRLLQ		TGC-3' (SEQ	TC-3, (SEQ ID
			GATFEEVYNIILESKPEPQVELVVSR (SEQ ID NO:292)		ID NO:363)	NO:364)
					N4-30	N267-240
-	KIAA 0559	AB011131	AA 766 - 870	Bam HI /	130KIF	131KIR
	protein	G1: 3043641	PDZ domain 1 (of 1)	ECO KI	5,-	5′-
					AAAGGATCCACT	TCACAATTGGATA



			HYIFPHARIKITRDSKDHTVSGNGLGIR IVGGKEIPGHSGEIGAYIAKILPGGSAE QTGKLMEGMQVLEWNGIPLTSKTYEEVQ SIISQQSGBAEICVRLDLNML (SEQ		ACATCTTTCCTC ACG-3' (SEQ ID NO:365)	GCATATTGAGGTC CAG-3' (SEQ ID NO:366)
			ID NO:293)		N2290-2312	N2623-2595
AF6	af-6 protein	U02478	AA 985 - 1077	Bam HI /	66AFF	67AFR
		430993	PDZ domain 1 (of 1)		5′-	5′-
					TCGGATCCTGAG	TAGAATTCACCT
			LRKEPEIITVTLKKÕNGMGLSIVAAKGA GODKLGIYVKSVVKGGAADVDGRLAAGD		GAAAGAACCTGA A-3' (SEO ID	GCTTTGCTACTTC -3' (SEO ID
			QLLSVDGRSLVGLSQERAAELMTRTSSV	-	NO:367)	NO:368)
					N2946-2970	N3239-3214
PICK1	Novel human	AL049654	AA 16 - AA 105		287PIF	288PIR
	TO MOISE	GL:	סרס לר אין	ECO RI	-	-
	Gene	1140/04	acilia III I (CI		でいいいしゅうじじいし	
)))		PTVPGKVTLQKDAQNLIGISIGGGAQYC		CTGTGCCTGGGA	TGCAGCTTCTTGT
			PCLYIVQVFDNTPAALDGTVAAGDEITG		AG-3' (SEQ	TGTAG-3' (SEQ
			VNGRSIKGKTKVEVAKMIQEVKGE		ID NO:369)	ID NO:370)
			VIIHYNKLQE (SEQ ID NO:295)		N268-N293	N527-N554
RGS12		AF035152	AA 35 - 103		64RGF	65RGR
	regulator of G-protein	GI: 3290015	PDZ domain 1 (of 1)	Eco RI	5, -	5,-
	signal-ling				TGGGATCCCGCC	AGGAATTCCCAAT
	12		PPRVRSVEVARGRAGYGFTLSGQAPCVL		CCCAAGGGTGCG	
			SCVMRGSPADFVGLRAGDQILAVNEINV		GAG-3' (SEQ	3, (SEQ ID
			KKASHEDVVKLIG (SEQ ID		ID NO:371)	NO:372)
			NO:296)		N93-119	N316-291
PDZK1	Homo sapiens	AF012281	AA 134 - 457	Bam HI /	238PDF	239PDR
	FD6 UOIIIAIII	. 10		ECC NT		





Page 10 of this table

CTCAGACTAGAAG TTGGGAGAGGGT TTGAATTCCTCAG GGCGGTACTGCAC TG-3' (SEQ ID TTAGAATTCTGAT TAGGAATTCTTTC N 1385 - 1412 CTTC-3' (SEQ AAG-3' (SEQ N1356-N1385 ID NO:378) ID NO:376) N866-839 NO:374) 82PDLGR 159KIR CCGGATCCGGCT CTGCTATCTCGT AAAGGATCCCTC CGGCTCCTCGGA ATAGGATCCCTT ATGTGGAGGAGC CAC-3' (SEQ N 426 - 452 AG-3' (SEQ GAA-3' (SEQ ID NO:377) ID NO:373) ID NO:375) N645-N671 N586-611 81PDLGF 158KIF Bam HI Eco RI Bam HI Eco RI GINLRSATEQQARLIIGQQCDTITILAQ YNPHVHQLSSHSRSSSHLDPAGTHSTLQ GSGTTTPEHPSVIDPLMEQDEGPSTPPA LAHFSPFLYYQSQELPNGSVKEAPAPTP NGYGFHLNAIRGLPGSFIKEVQKGGPAD IPPAPRKVEMRRDPVLGFGFVAGSEKPV VVRSVTPGGPSEGKLIPGDQIVMINDEP PYVEEPRHVKVQKGSEPLGISIVSGEKG GIYVSKVTVGSIAHQAGLEYGDQLLEFN KOSSSRIAGDANKKTLEPRVVFIKKSQL RLCYLVKEGGSYGFSLKTVQGKKGVYMT DITPOGVAMRAGVLADDHLIEVNGENVE DASHEKVVEKVKKSGSRVMFLLVDKETD KRHVEQKIQFKRETASLKLLPHQPRIVE MKKGSNGYGFYLRAGSEQKGQIIKDIDS GSPAEEAGLKNNDLVVAVNGESVETLDH DSVVEMIRKGGDQTSLLVVDKETDNMYR TSLEVSSPPDTTEEVDHKPKLCRLAKGE LAGLEDEDVI I EVNGVNVLDEPYEKVVD VSAAPRERVIDLVRSCKESILLTVIQPY RIQSSGKNVTLLVCGK (SEQ ID - 4 (of 4) PDZ domains 2 (of 2) PSPK(SEQ ID NO:298) PDZ domain 1 (of 1) PDZ domains 2 AA 197 - 284 AA 99 - 338 NO:297) AB002314 GI: 6683123 2944188 3650451 U61843 GI: contain-ing Human discs KIAA 0316 protein protein protein (PDZK1) large p-dlg **KIAA 0316** (K316)DLG5



Table 3 Page 11 of this table

			ELGVHLCGGNLHGVFVAEVEDDSPAKGP DGLVPGDLILEYGSLDVRNKTVEEVYVE MLKPRDGVRLKVQYRPE (SEQ ID NO:299)			
Mouse Syntenin gene (SYNT)	Mus musculus Syntenin	AF077527 GI: 3342559	AA 67 - 241 REIKQGIREVILCKDQDGKIGLRLKSID NGIFVQLVQANSPASLVGLRFGDQVLQI NGENCAGWSSDKAHKVLKQAFGEKITMT IRDRPFERTVIMHKDSSGHVGFIFKSGK ITSIVKDSSAARNGLLTDHHICEINGQN VIGLKDAQIADILSTAGTVVTITIMPTF IFEHIIKRMAPSM (SEQ ID NO:300)	Bam HI / Eco RI	14SF 5'- TCGGATCCTTGA AATTAAGCAAGG GAT-3' (SEQ ID NO:379) N363-N390	15SR 5'- TCGGAATTCATGC CTGGAGCCATCC- 3' (SEQ ID NO:380) N896-N920
мм Р 3	Homo sapiens membrane associated guanylate kinase 1 (MAGI-1)	U80754 GI: 2695619	AA 314 - 576 PDZ domains 1-2 (of 2) PSELKGKFIHTKLRKSSRGFGFTVVGGD EPDEFLQIKSLVLDGPAALDGKMETGDV IVSVNDTCVLGHTHAQVVKIFQSIPIGA SVDLELCRGYPLPFDPDDPNTSLVTSVA ILDKEPIIVNGQETYDSPASHSSKTGKV NGMKDARPSSPADVASNSSH GYPNDTVSLASSIATQPELITVHIVKGP MGFGFTIADSPGGGGQRVKQIVDSPRCR GLKEGDLIVEVNKKNVQALTHNQVVDML VECPKGSEVTLLVQRGGLP (SEQ ID NO:301)	Bam HI / Eco RI	164WWF 5'- CACGGATCCCTT CTGAGTTGAAAG GC-3' (SEQ ID NO:379) N932-N957	165WWR 5'- CTTGAATTCTGGC AGCCTCCTCGTT GC-3' (SEQ ID NO:380) N1710-N1737
TAX-IP 40	human tax inter-action protein 40	AF028827 GI: 2613009	AA 35 - 137 PDZ domain 1 (of 1)	Bam HI / Eco RI	136TF 5'- ACGGGATCCTAC	137TR 5'- ACGGAATTCCGCT



Table 3 Page 12 of this table

			LLPETHRRVRLHKHGSDRPLGFYIRDGM SVRVAPQGLERVPGIFISRLVRGGLAES TGLLAVSDEILEVNGIEVAGKTLDQVTD MMVANSHNLIVTVKPANQR (SEQ ID NO:302)		TGCCTGAGACCC ACC-3' (SEQ ID NO:383) N97-123	GGTTGGCGGGCTT GAC-3' (SEQ ID NO:384) N421-393
KIAA	KIAA 0858	AB020665	AA 66 - 159	Bgl II /	278KIF	279KIR
0858	protein	GI:		Eco RI		
(K858)		4240204	PDZ domain 1 (of 1)		5'- AGGAGATCTTCA	5'- CTTGAATTCAGGT
			FSDMRISINQTPGKSLDFGFTIKWDIPG		GTGATATGAGAA	GAACCAGCCTTTC
			IFVASVEAGSPAEFSQLQVDDEIIAINN TKFSYNDSKEWEEAMAKAQETGHLVMDV		TC-3' (SEQ ID NO:385)	-3' (SEQ ID NO:386)
			RRYGKAGSPE (SEQ ID NO:303)		N190-N215	N460-N485
TIAM1	T- lymphoma	MN	AA 1001 - 1088	Bam HI /	39TF	40TR
	invasion and	003253		Eco RI		
	metastasis	GI:	PDZ domain 1 (of 1)		2, -	- 2, -
	inducing	4507500			TCGGATCCACAG	TCGGAATTCCTCC
	protein 1		HSIHIEKSDTAADTYGFSLSSVEEDGIR		CATCCACATTGA	AGCTCGGGGT-3'
			RLYVNSVKETGLASKKGLKAGDEILEIN		G-3, (SEO ID	(SEQ ID
		ľ	NRAADALNSSMLKDFLSQPSLGLLVRTY PELE (SEO ID NO:304)		NO:387)	NO:388)
					N2995-3019	N3275-3253
Connector	Homo sapiens	AF100153	AA 193 - 300	Bam HI /	296CF	297CR
Enhancer	connector	GI:		Eco RI		
gene	enhancer of	3930780	PDZ domain 1 (of 1)		5'-	5'-
	KSR-like				AGGGGATCCTGG	GGGAATTCCGGTA
	protein CNK1		LEQKAVLEQVQLDSPLGLEIHTTSNCQH		AACAGAAGGCCG	TCGGGATCTTCCT
(ConEn)			FVSQVDTQVPTDSRLQIQPGDEVVQINE		TGCTC-3'	TC-3' (SEQ ID
			QVVVGWPRKNMVRELLREPAGLSL		(SEQ ID	NO:390)
			VLKKIPIP (SEQ ID NO:305)		NO:389)	
					N605-N633	N858-N884
Serine	Homo sapiens	AF020760	AA 421 - 506	Eco RI /	191SF	192SR
protease	serine	GI:		Eco RI		



(SPsht)	protease (omi)	2738914	Splice variant: void of AA 444 - 465 (ref. to GI: 2738914)		5'- GAAGAATTCCTC CTCCGGAATCAG	5'- TGCGAATTCGGAT TGGGTTCGAACAG
			PDZ domain 1 (of 1)		IG-3 (SEQ ID NO:391)	ID NO:392)
			SSSGISGSQRRYIGVMMLTLSPSAGLRP GDVILAIGEQMVQNAEDVYEAVRTQSE (SEQ ID NO:306)		N1501-N1526	N1774-N1803
DVL1	human dishe- velled	AF006011 GI:	AA 248 - 340 PDZ domain 1 (of 1)	Bam HI / Eco RI	1st PCR: 55DVISF	1st PCR: 56DVISR
	polarity protein))) (LNIVTVTLNMERHHFLGISIVGQSNDRG		5'- TCATCCAGACTC	5'- GCTCATGTCACTC
	homolog		DGGIYIGSIMKGGAVAADGRIEPGDMLL QVNDVNFENMSNDDAVRVLREIVSQTGP ISLTVAKCW (SEQ ID NO:307)		ATCCGGAAG-3' (SEQ ID NO:393)	TTCACCG-3' (SEQ ID NO:394)
					N652-673	N1195-1174
		·			2 nd PCR, nested: 37DVF	2 nd PCR, nested: 38DVR
					5'- TCGGATCCAAAC GGTCACTCTCAA C-3' (SEQ ID	5'- TCGGAATTCCCAG CACTTGGCTACAG -3' (SEQ ID
					NO:3331 N723-747	NO:339) N1029-N1004
Novel		Y07921	AA 107 - 204		194NSF	195NSR
serine protease	novel serine protease	GI: 1621243	PDZ domain 1 (of 2)	ECO RI	5	5'-

Ont



Table 3
Page 14 of this table

	IRQAKGKAITKKKYIGIRMMSLTSSKAK ELKDRHRDFPDVISGAYIIEVIPDTPAE AGGLKENDVIISINGQSVVSANDVSDVI KRESTLNMVVRRGN (SEQ ID NO:308)		CCCGGATCCGAC AGGCCAAAGGAA AAGC-3' (SEQ ID NO:397) N1138-N1165	GATGAATTCATTA CCCCTGCGGACCA CCATG-3' (SEQ ID NO:398) N1415- N1445
AF117947 GT:	AA 343 - 450	Bgl II	275GF	276GR
6650765	PDZ domain 1 (of 1)		5'- GAGAGATCTGCT	5'- CCGGAATTCATGT
	CSVMIFEVVEQAGAIILEDGQELDSWYV ILNGTVEISHPDGKVENLFMGNSFGITP TLDKQYMHGIVRTKVDDCQFVCIAQQDY WRILNHVEKNTHKVEEEGEIVMVH		CAGTGATGATTT TTG-3' (SEQ ID NO:399)	ACCATAACAATTT C-3' (SEQ ID NO:400)
	(SEQ ID NO:309)		N1088-N1114	N1402-N1428
AB020715 GI:	14 - 301	Bam HI / Eco RI	290KIF	291KIR
4240304	PDZ domain 1 (of 1)		5'- AGAGGATCCTCA	5'- TCTGAATTCCAAT
	ILNEMIAPVMRVNYGQSTDINAFVGAVS LSCSDSGLWAVEGGNKLVCSGLLQASKS		ATGAAATGATTG C-3' (SEQ ID	TTGGTAGACCACT TC-3' (SEQ ID
	NLISGSVMYIEEKTKYTGNPTKMYEV VYQIG (SEQ ID NO:310)		NO:401)	NO:402)
			N633-N657	N884-N991
AB011133 GI:	AA 948 - 1038	Bam HI / Eco RI	161KIF	162KIR
3043645	PDZ domain 1 (of 1)		5'- ccrggarcccc	5'- GAGGAATTCTCCA
	PPSLSTALARSTASACGRSASTWVIATS		CATCGTTATCCA	GGGCTGTGGTCCG
	TSTGSQCWGWCTWTSWSCCZRAATRYPC		ID NO:403)	-3 (SEQ 1D NO:404)
	GEREN (SER IL NO. SIII)		N2836-2863	N3120-3095



Table 3Page 15 of this table

NOS1	human	U17327	AA 239 - 329	Bam HI /	155NOF	156NOR
	neuronal	GI:		Eco RI		
	nitric oxide	642525	PDZ domain 1 (of 1)		5′-	2,-
	synthase				AGCGGATCCAGC	GAAGAATTCAGGG
			IQPNVISVRLFKRKVGGLGFLVKERVSK		CCAATGTCATTT	CCCCTCAGAATG-
			PPVIISDLIRGGAAEQSGLIQAGDIILA		C-3' (SEQ ID 3' (SEQ ID	3, (SEQ ID
			VNGRPLVDLSYDSALEVLRGIASETHVV		NO:405)	NO:406)
			LILRGP (SEQ ID NO:312)			
					N711-733	N994-970



PATENT

Please replace the paragraph (Table 4) beginning at page 65, line 1, with the following (see attached sheet):

JUL 3 0 2001 &

TRADEMAD"	•
WADEMY.	

Table 4: PL Peptides						
CODE	PROTEIN NAME	GENBANK ACCESS	SEQUENCE	SEQ ID NO:		
AA1L	Clasp-1	_	ISKATPALPTVSISSSAEV	409		
AA2L	Clasp-2		ISGTPTSTMVHGMTSSSSVV	410		
AA3L	Clasp-4		CAISGTSSDRGYGSPRYAEV	411		
AA4L	_CD3n	M33158	SVFSIPTLWSPWPPSSSSQL	412		
AA5L-M*	CD4	M12807	SEKKTSQSPHRFQKTCSPI	413		
AA6L	CD6	X60992	SPQPDSTDNDDYDDISAA	414		
AA7L	CD34	M81104	QATSRNGHSARQHVVADTEL	415		
AA8L	CD38	NM004334	PDKFLQCVKNPEDSSCTSEI	416		
AA9L	CD44	M69215	QFMTADETRNLQNVDMKIGV	417		
AA10L	CD46(Form 1)	M58050	KKGTYLTDETHREVKFTSL	418		
AA11L	CD49E (4)	X06256	PYGTAMEKAQLKPPATSDA	419		
AA12L	CD49F	X53586	HKAEIHAQPSDKERLTSDA	420		
AA13L	CD95	M67454	KDITSDSENSNFRNEIQSLV	421		
AA14L	CD97	X84700	TSGTGHNQTRALRASESGI	422		
AA15L	CD98	J02939	ERLKLEPHEGLLLRFPYAA	423		
AA16L	CD105	X72012	STNHSIGSTQSTPCSTSSMA	424		
AA17L AA18L	VCAM1 CD138	M73255 J05392	ARKANMKGSYSLVEAQKSKV	425 426		
AA18L AA19L	CD138		PKQANGGAYQKPTKQEEFYA	427		
	CD148	D37781 L38608	ENLAPVTTFGKTNGYIA DLGNMEENKKLEENNHKTEA	428		
AA20L AA21L	CDw137 (4-1BB)	NM001561	OEEDGCSCRFPEEEEGGCEL	429		
AA22L	DNAM-1	U56102	TREDIYVNYPTFSRRPKTRV	430		
AA23L-M*	FasL	U11821	SSKSKSSEESQTFFGLYKL	431		
AA25L	FceRIb	D10583	YSATYSELEDPGEMSPPIDL	432		
AA26L	Galectin3	J02921	ISKLGISGDIDLTSASYTMI	433		
AA27L	CD114	NM000760	LNFPLLQGIRVHGMEALGSF	434		
AA28L	CDW125 (IL5R)	X62156	EVICYIEKPGVETLEDSVF	435		
AA29.1L	CDW128A (IL8RA)	м68932	ARHRVTSYTSSSVNVSSNL	436		
AA29.2L	CDW128B (IL8RB)	M73969	KDSRPSFVGSSSGHTSTTL	437		
AA30L	LPAP	X81422	AWDDSARAAGGQGLHVTAL	438		
AA31L	Mannose Receptor	NM002438	GTSDMKDLVGNIEQNEHSVI	439		
AA32L	Spectrin (beta)	NM000347	SFPPCGHRENVPGQSLVSFV	440		
AA33L	KV1.3	AAC31761	TTNNNPNSAVNIKKIFTDV	441		
AA34.2L	NMDA	NP000824	LNSCSNRRVYKKMPSIESDV	442		
AA36L	Neuroligin	NM018977	TFAAGFNSTGLPHSTTRV	443		
AA37L	Glycophorin C	AAA52574	QGDPALQDAGDSSRKEYFI	444		
AA38L	Neurexin	AB011150	SSAKSSNKNKKNKDKEYYV	445		
AA39L	Syndecan-2	A33880	GERKPSSAAYQKAPTKEFYA	446		
AA40L	DOCK2	BAA13200	LASKSAEEGKQIPDSLSTDL	447		
AA41L	CC CKR-1R	L09230	LERVSSTSPSTGEHELSAGF	448		
AA42L	CC CKR-2	U03882	GKGKSIGRAPEASLQDKEGA	449		
AA43L	CC CKR-3	HSU28694	LERTSSVSPSTAEPELSIVF	450		
AA44L	CC CKR-4	X85740	DTPSSSYTQSTMDHDLHDAL	451		
AA45L	BLR-1	S56162	PSWRRSSLSESENATSLTTF	452		
AA46L	Volt. Gated Ca2+	Q00975	SSGGRARHSYHHPDQDHWC	453		
AA47L	CD83	Z11697	VTSPNKHLGLVTPHKTELV	454		
AA48L	CD62E	M30640	SSSQSLESDGSYQKPSYIL	455		
AA49L	CD5	X04391	SMQPDNSSDSDYDLHGAQNL	456		
AA55L	CD148	D37781	TIYENLAPVTTFGKTIA	457		
AA56L	TAX	AB038239	QISPGGLEPPSEKHFRETEV	458		
AA57L	BLR-1/CXCR5	NM001716	SWRRSSLSESENATSLTTF	459		
AA58L	PAG	NM018440	KENDYESISDLQQGRDITRL	460		
(PAG - Ph	nosphoprotein Asso I	crated with GEMS				
tThe Com	10000 0000	utated at sastti	ong N10 amino poids			
*The Sequence studied is mutated at positions >10 amino acids						
from C-terminus to increase water solubility and/or eliminate intramolecular disulfides.						



LU et al. Application No.: 09/724,553 Page 6



Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 72, line 11, with the following:

B8

--Other investigators have reported certain PL motifs important in PDZ binding, e.g., the C-terminal motifs S/T-X-V/I/L (for DLG1) and Y/F-Y/F-I/L/F for MPP1 (see, Doyle et al., 1996, Cell 85, 1067; Songyang et al., 1997, Science 275, 73). However, the reported motifs are not sufficiently specific (i.e. a large number of proteins meet these criteria yet are not necessarily actual PDZ ligands) and cover only a small number of PDZ proteins (approximately 10). The PRISM MATRIX can be used to determine ligand specificity and to deduce ligand binding motifs for any PDZ protein because it can precisely determine sequences of amino acids that do or do not result in specific PDZ binding. In addition, the assay has revealed a significant of new PDZ domain binding motifs (i.e. PL motifs): C-terminal sequence of CD6, ISAA (SEQ ID NO: 14); C-terminal sequence of CD49E, TSDA (SEQ ID NO: 24); C-terminal sequence of CD49F, TSDA (SEQ ID NO: 24); Cterminal sequence of Clasp-1, SAEV (SEQ ID NO: 175); C-terminal sequence of CLASP-4, YAEV (SEQ ID NO: 192); C- terminal sequence of CD44, KIGV (SEQ ID NO: 104); C- terminal sequence of Fas Ligand, LYKL (SEQ ID NO:79); C-terminal sequence of IL5R, DSVF (SEQ ID NO: 94); Cterminal sequence of BLR-1, LTTF (SEQ ID NO: 217). Identification of these novel PL sequences allows the definition of novel PL motifs (See TABLE 5A, infra). The specificity with which these novel motifs are defined is enhanced by the fact that the MATRIX reports both positive results (i.e. PDZ-PL) combinations that result in specific binding interactions) and negative results (i.e. PDZ-PL combinations that do not result in specific binding). For example, the C-terminal sequence of CD6, SAA and the C-terminal sequence of CD49E, SDA bind to the PDZ-domain polypeptide 41.8 while the related C-terminal sequence of CD166, TEA and C-terminal sequence of CD148, YIA do not. This identifies the novel PL motif (Motif 1, infra) of polypeptides terminating in alanine with serine at the -2 position and excludes polypeptides with threonine and tyrosine at the -2 position. This motif is therefore more specific than most previously identified motifs. Other novel motifs are described in TABLE 5 .--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 126, line 23, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of CD3 is SSQL (SEQ ID NO:4). When naturally-occurring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, QL, SQL, SSSQL (SEQ ID NO:5),

Page 7

Out B9

SSSSQL (SEQ ID NO:6), PSSSSQL (SEQ ID NO:7), and PPSSSSQL (SEQ ID NO:8) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in Teells.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 126, line 28, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of CD4 is CSPI (SEQ ID NO:9). When naturally-occurring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, PI, SPI, TCSPI (SEQ ID NO:10), KTCSPI (SEQ ID NO:11), QKTCSPI (SEQ ID NO:12), and FQKTCSPI (SEQ ID NO:13) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in T cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 127, line 1, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of CD6 is ISAA (SEQ ID NO:14). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, AA, SAA, DISAA (SEQ ID NO:15), DDISAA (SEQ ID NO:16), YDDISAA (SEQ ID NO:17), and DYDDISAA (SEQ ID NO:18) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in T cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 127, line 6, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of CD38 is TSEI (SEQ ID NO:19). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, EI, SEI, CTSEI (SEQ ID NO:20), SCTSEI (SEQ ID NO:21), SSCTSEI (SEQ ID NO:22), and DSSCTSEI (SEQ ID NO:23) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in T cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 127, line 11, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of CD49e is TSDA (SEQ ID NO:24). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, DA, SDA, ATSDA (SEQ ID NO:25), PATSDA (SEQ ID NO:26), PPATSDA (SEQ ID NO:27), and KPPATSDA (SEQ ID NO:28) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in T cells.--

Page 8

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 127, line 16, with the following:

314

--The C-terminal core sequence of CD49f is TSDA (SEQ ID NO:24). When naturally-occurring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, DA, SDA, LTSDA (SEQ ID NO:30), RLTSDA (SEQ ID NO:31), ERLTSDA (SEQ ID NO:32), and KERLTSDA (SEQ ID NO:33) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in T cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 127, line 21, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of CD53 is TIGL (SEQ ID NO:34). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, GL, IGL, QTIGL (SEQ ID NO:35), SQTIGL (SEQ ID NO:36), TSQTIGL (SEQ ID NO:37), and KTSQTIGL (SEQ ID NO:38) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in T cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 127, line 26, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of CD83 is TELV (SEQ ID NO:177). When naturally-occurring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, LV, ELV, KTELV (SEQ ID NO:178), HKTELV (SEQ ID NO:179), PHKTELV (SEQ ID NO:180), and TPHKTELV (SEQ ID NO:181) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in T cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 127, line 31, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of CD90 is FMSL (SEQ ID NO:39). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, SL, MSL, DFMSL (SEQ ID NO:40), TDFMSL (SEQ ID NO:41), ATDFMSL (SEQ ID NO:42), and QATDFMSL (SEQ ID NO:43) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in T cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 128, line 1, with the following:

Page 9

B18

--The C-terminal core sequence of CD95 is QSLV (SEQ ID NO:44). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, LV, SLV, IQSLV (SEQ ID NO:45), EIQSLV (SEQ ID NO:46), NEIQSLV (SEQ ID NO:47), and RNEIQSLV (SEQ ID NO:48) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in T cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 128, line 6, with the following:

B19

--The C-terminal core sequence of CD97 is ESGI (SEQ ID NO:49). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, GI, SGI, SESGI (SEQ ID NO:50), ASESGI (SEQ ID NO:51), RASESGI (SEQ ID NO:52), and LRASESGI (SEQ ID NO:53) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in T cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 128, line 11, with the following:

£20

--The C-terminal core sequence of CD98 is PYAA (SEQ ID NO:54). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, AA, YAA, FPYAA (SEQ ID NO:55), RFPYAA (SEQ ID NO:55), LRFPYAA (SEQ ID NO:57), and LLRFPYAA (SEQ ID NO:58) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in T cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 128, line 16, with the following:

Bal

--The C-terminal core sequence of CDw137 is GCEL (SEQ ID NO:59). When naturally-occurring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, EL, CEL, GGCEL (SEQ ID NO:60), EGGCEL (SEQ ID NO:61), EEGGCEL (SEQ ID NO:62), and EEEGGCEL (SEQ ID NO:63) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in T cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 128, line 21, with the following:

B22

--The C-terminal core sequence of CD166 is KTEA (SEQ ID NO:64). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, EA, TEA, HKTEA (SEQ



LU et al. Application No.: 09/724,553

Page 10

ID NO:65), NHKTEA (SEQ ID NO:66), NNHKTEA (SEQ ID NO:67), and ENNHKTEA (SEQ ID NO:68) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in T cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 128, line 26, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of CDw128 is SSNL (SEQ ID NO:69). When naturally-occurring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, NL, SNL, VSSNL (SEQ ID NO:70), NVSSNL (SEQ ID NO:71), VNVSSNL (SEQ ID NO:72), and SVNVSSNL (SEQ ID NO:73) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in T cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 128, line 31, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of DNAM-1 is KTRV (SEQ ID NO:74). When naturally-occurring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, RV, TRV, PKTRV (SEQ ID NO:75), RPKTRV (SEQ ID NO:76), RRPKTRV (SEQ ID NO:77), and SRRPKTRV (SEQ ID NO:78) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in T cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 129, line 1, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of FasL is LYKL (SEQ ID NO:79). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, KL, YKL, GLYKL (SEQ ID NO:80), FGLYKL (SEQ ID NO:81), FFGLYKL (SEQ ID NO:82), and TFFGLYKL (SEQ ID NO:83) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in T cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 129, line 6, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of LPAP is VTAL (SEQ ID NO:84). When naturally-occurring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, AL, TAL, HVTAL (SEQ ID NO:85), LHVTAL (SEQ ID NO:86), GLHVTAL (SEQ ID NO:87), and QGLHVTAL (SEQ ID NO:88) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in T cells.--

Page 11

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 129, line 11, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of CLASP-1 is SAQV (SEQ ID NO:182). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, QV, AQV, SSAQV (SEQ ID NO:183), SSSAQV (SEQ ID NO:184), ISSSAQV (SEQ ID NO:185), and SISSSAQV (SEQ ID NO:186) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in T cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 129, line 16, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of CLASP-2 is SSVV (SEQ ID NO:187). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, VV, SVV, SSSVV (SEQ ID NO:188), SSSSVV (SEQ ID NO:189), TSSSSVV (SEQ ID NO:190), and MTSSSSVV (SEQ ID NO:191) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in T cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 129, line 21, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of CLASP-4 is YAEV (SEQ ID NO:192). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, EV, AEV, RYAEV (SEQ ID NO:193), PRYAEV (SEQ ID NO:194), SPRYAEV (SEQ ID NO:195), and GSPRYAEV (SEQ ID NO:196) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in T cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 129, line 26, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of KV1.3 is FTDV (SEQ ID NO:202). When naturally-occurring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, DV, TDV, IFTDV (SEQ ID NO:203), KIFTDV (SEQ ID NO:204), KKIFTDV (SEQ ID NO:205), and IKKIFTDV (SEQ ID NO:206) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in T cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 129, line 31, with the following:

Page 12

B31

--The C-terminal core sequence of DOCK2 is STDL (SEQ ID NO:207). When naturally-occurring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, DL, TDL, LSTDL (SEQ ID NO:208), SLSTDL (SEQ ID NO:209), DSLSTDL (SEQ ID NO:210), and PDSLSTDL (SEQ ID NO:211) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in T cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 130, line 1, with the following:

B32

--The C-terminal core sequence of BLR-1 is LTTF (SEQ ID NO:217). When naturally-occurring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, TF, TTF, SLTTF (SEQ ID NO:218), TSLTTF (SEQ ID NO:219), ATSLTTF (SEQ ID NO:220), and NATSLTTF (SEQ ID NO:221) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in T cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 130, line 6, with the following:

B33

--The C-terminal core sequence of PAG is ITRL (SEQ ID NO:253). When naturally-occurring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, RL, TRL, DITRL (SEQ ID NO:254), RDITRL (SEQ ID NO:255), GRDITRL (SEQ ID NO:256), and QGRDITRL (SEQ ID NO:257) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in T cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 130, line 19, with the following:

B34

--The C-terminal core sequence of CD138 is EFYA (SEQ ID NO:89). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, YA, FYA, EEFYA (SEQ ID NO:90), QEEFYA (SEQ ID NO:91), KQEEFYA (SEQ ID NO:92), and TKQEEFYA (SEQ ID NO:93) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in B cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 130, line 24, with the following:

B35

--The C-terminal core sequence of CDw125 is DSVF (SEQ ID NO:94). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, VF, SVF, EDSVF (SEQ

Page 13

ID NO:95), LEDSVF (SEQ ID NO:96), TLEDSVF (SEQ ID NO:97), and ETLEDSVF (SEQ ID NO:98) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in B cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 130, line 29, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of Syndecan-2 is EFYA (SEQ ID NO:89). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, YA, FYA, KEFYA (SEQ ID NO:213), TKEFYA (SEQ ID NO:214), PTKEFYA (SEQ ID NO:215), and APTKEFYA (SEQ ID NO:216) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in B cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 130, line 34, with the following:



-- The C-terminal core sequence of BLR-1 is LTTF (SEQ ID NO:217). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, TF, TTF, SLTTF (SEQ ID NO:218), TSLTTF (SEQ ID NO:219), ATSLTTF (SEQ ID NO:220), and NATSLTTF (SEQ ID NO:221) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in B cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 131, line 11, with the following:



-- The C-terminal core sequence of CD56 is ESKA (SEQ ID NO:99). When naturally-occurring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, KA, SKA, NESKA (SEQ ID NO:100), ENESKA (SEQ ID NO:101), KENESKA (SEQ ID NO:102), and TKENESKA (SEQ ID NO:103) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in NK cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 131, line 24, with the following:



-- The C-terminal core sequence of CD44 is KIGV (SEQ ID NO:104). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, GV, IGV, MKIGV (SEQ ID NO:105), DMKIGV (SEQ ID NO:106), VDMKIGV (SEQ ID NO:107) and NVDMKIGV (SEQ ID NO:108) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in monocytes.

LU et al.

Application No.: 09/724,553

Page 14

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 131, line 29, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of CD46 is FTSL (SEQ ID NO:109). When naturally-occurring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, SL, TSL, KFTSL (SEQ ID NO:110), VKFTSL (SEQ ID NO:111), EVKFTSL (SEQ ID NO:112) and REVKFTSL (SEQ ID NO:113) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in monocytes.--

Rease replace the paragraph beginning at page 131, line 34, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of CD61 is KSLV (SEQ ID NO:114). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, LV, SLV, LKSLV (SEQ ID NO:115), FLKSLV (SEQ ID NO:116), RFLKSLV (SEQ ID NO:117) and GRFLKSLV (SEQ ID NO:118) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in monocytes.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 132, line 5, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of CD148 is GYIA (SEQ ID NO:119). When naturally-occurring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, IA, YIA, NGYIA (SEQ ID NO:120), TNGYIA (SEQ ID NO:121), KTNGYIA (SEQ ID NO:122) and GKTNGYIA (SEQ ID NO:123) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in monocytes.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 132, line 10, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of Ly-6 is QTLL (SEQ ID NO:124). When naturally-occurring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, LL, TLL, LQTLL (SEQ ID NO:125), LLQTLL (SEQ ID NO:126), VLLQTLL (SEQ ID NO:127) and SVLLQTLL (SEQ ID NO:128) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in monocytes.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 132, line 15, with the following:

Page 15

B44

--The C-terminal core sequence of FcεRIβ is PIDL (SEQ ID NO:129). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, DL, IDL, PPIDL (SEQ ID NO:130), SPPIDL (SEQ ID NO:131), MSPPIDL (SEQ ID NO:132) and EMSPPIDL (SEQ ID NO:133) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in monocytes.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 132, line 20, with the following:

BYS

--The C-terminal core sequence of Galectin 3 is YTMI (SEQ ID NO:134). When naturally-occurring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, MI, TMI, SYTMI (SEQ ID NO:135), ASYTMI (SEQ ID NO:136), SASYTMI (SEQ ID NO:137) and TSASYTMI (SEQ ID NO:138) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in monocytes.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 132, line 25, with the following:

Ble B

--The C-terminal core sequence of mannose receptor is HSVI (SEQ ID NO:139). When naturally-occurring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, VI, SVI, EHSVI (SEQ ID NO:140), NEHSVI (SEQ ID NO:141), QNEHSVI (SEQ ID NO:142) and EQNEHSVI (SEQ ID NO:143) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in monocytes.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 133, line 1, with the following:

B47

--The C-terminal core sequence of G-CSFR is TSVL (SEQ ID NO:144). When naturally-occurring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, VL, SVL, ITSVL (SEQ ID NO:145), PITSVL (SEQ ID NO:146), FPITSVL (SEQ ID NO:147) and LFPITSVL (SEQ ID NO:148) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in granulocytes.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 133, line 15, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of CD34 is DTEL (SEQ ID NO:149). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, EL, TEL, ADTEL (SEQ

Page 16



ID NO:150), VADTEL (SEQ ID NO:151), VVADTEL (SEQ ID NO:152) and HVVADTEL (SEQ ID NO:153) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in endothelial cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 133, line 20, with the following:

Byg

--The C-terminal core sequence of CD66b and CD66c is VALI (SEQ ID NO:154). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, LI, ALI, RVALI (SEQ ID NO:155), ARVALI (SEQ ID NO:156), LARVALI (SEQ ID NO:157) and VLARVALI (SEQ ID NO:158) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in endothelial cells-

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 133, line 25, with the following:

B 50

--The C-terminal core sequence of CD105 is SSMA (SEQ ID NO:159). When naturally-occurring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, MA, SMA, TSSMA (SEQ ID NO:160), STSSMA (SEQ ID NO:161), CSTSSMA (SEQ ID NO: 222) and PCSTSSMA (SEQ ID NO: 162) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in endothelial cells.--

Rease replace the paragraph beginning at page 133, line 30, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of CD106 is KSKV (SEQ ID NO:163). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, KV, SKV, QKSKV (SEQ ID NO:164), AQKSKV (SEQ ID NO:165), EAQKSKV (SEQ ID NO:166) and VEAQKSKV (SEQ ID NO:167) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in endothelial cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 134, line 1, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of CD62e is SYIL (SEQ ID NO:168). When naturally-occurring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, IL, YIL, PSYIL (SEQ ID NO:169), KPSYIL (SEQ ID NO:170), QKPSYIL (SEQ ID NO:171) and YQKPSYIL (SEQ ID NO:172) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in endothelial cells.--

LU et al.

Application No.: 09/724,553

Page 17

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 134, line 6, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of VCAM1 is KSKV (SEQ ID NO:197). When naturally-occurring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, KV, SKV, QKSKV (SEQ ID NO:198), AQKSKV (SEQ ID NO:199), EAQKSKV (SEQ ID NO:200), and VEAQKSKV (SEQ ID NO:201) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in endothelial cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 134, line 13, with the following:



--FcεRIβ, CDw125, CDw128 and IL-8RB are transmembrane receptors expressed by mast cells, basophils and eosinophils. These receptors play a role in the activation of these cells to result in degranulation and histamine release in allergic reactions. The C-terminal core sequence of FcεRIβ is PIDL (SEQ ID NO:129). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, DL, IDL, PPIDL (SEQ ID NO:130), SPPIDL (SEQ ID NO:131), MSPPIDL (SEQ ID NO:132) and EMSPPIDL (SEQ ID NO:133) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in mast cells. In addition, the residue E may be substituted with G to increase its binding affinity.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 134, line 21, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of CDw125 is DSVF (SEQ ID NO:94). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, VF, SVF, EDSVF (SEQ ID NO:95), LEDSVF (SEQ ID NO:96), TLEDSVF (SEQ ID NO:97), and ETLEDSVF (SEQ ID NO:98) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in mast cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 134, line 26, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of CDw128 is SSNL (SEQ ID NO:69). When naturally-occurring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, NL, SNL, VSSNL (SEQ ID NO:70), NVSSNL (SEQ ID NO:71), VNVSSNL (SEQ ID NO:72), and SVNVSSNL (SEQ ID NO:73) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in mast cells.--

Page 18

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 134, line 31, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of IL-8RB is STTL (SEQ ID NO:258). When naturally-occurring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, TL, TTL, TSTTL (SEQ ID NO:259), HTSTTL (SEQ ID NO:260), GHTSTTL (SEQ ID NO:261) and SGHTSTTL (SEQ ID NO:262) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in mast cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 135, line 2, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of NMDA is ESDV (SEQ ID NO:223). When naturally-occurring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, DV, SDV, IESDV (SEQ ID NO:224), SIESDV (SEQ ID NO:225), PSIESDV (SEQ ID NO:226), and MPSIESDV (SEQ ID NO:227) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in neuronal cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 135, line 7, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of neurexin is EYYV (SEQ ID NO:228). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, YV, YYV, KEYYV (SEQ ID NO:229), DKEYYV (SEQ ID NO:230), KDKEYYV (SEQ ID NO:231), and NKDKEYYV (SEQ ID NO:232) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in neuronal cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 135, line 12, with the following:



--The C-terminal core sequence of Glycophorin C is EYFI (SEQ ID NO:233). When naturally-occuring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, FI, YFI, KEYFI (SEQ ID NO:234), RKEYFI (SEQ ID NO:235), SRKEYFI (SEQ ID NO:236), and SSRKEYFI (SEQ ID NO:237) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 135, line 17, with the following:

LU et al.

Application No.: 09/724,553

Page 19

B6

--The C-terminal core sequence of CD148 is KTIA (SEQ ID NO:238). When naturally-occurring residues are added or removed from the core sequence, IA, TIA, GKTIA (SEQ ID NO:239), FGKTIA (SEQ ID NO:240), TFGKTIA (SEQ ID NO:241), and TTFGKTIA (SEQ ID NO:242) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein in epithelial or myeloid cells.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 135, line 22, with the following:

Blod

--The C-terminal core sequence of beta-spectrin is VSFV (SEQ ID NO:244). When naturally-occuring residues are added to the core sequence, FV, SFV, LVSFV (SEQ ID NO:245), SLVSFV (SEQ ID NO:246), QSLVSFV (SEQ ID NO:247) and GQSLVSFV (SEQ ID NO:248) (SEO, ID, NO:) may also be used to target a PDZ domain-containing protein.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 147, line 4, with the following:

 β^{43}

--In one embodiment of the invention, a peptide sequence or peptide analog determined to inhibit a PDZ domain-PL protein binding, in an assay of the invention is introduced into a cell by linking the sequence to an amino acid sequence that facilitates its transport through the plasma membrane (a "transmembrane transporter sequence"). The peptides of the invention may be used directly or fused to a transmembrane transporter sequence to facilitate their entry into cells. In the case of such a fusion peptide, each peptide may be fused with a heterologous peptide at its amino terminus directly or by using a flexible polylinker such as the pentamer G-G-G-S (SEQ ID NO:541) repeated 1 to 3 times. Such linker has been used in constructing single chain antibodies (scFv) by being inserted between V_H and V_L (Bird et al., 1988, *Science* 242:423-426; Huston et al., 1988, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* 85:5979-5883). The linker is designed to enable the correct interaction between two beta-sheets forming the variable region of the single chain antibody. Other linkers which may be used include Glu-Gly-Lys-Ser-Ser-Gly-Ser-Gly-Ser-Glu-Ser-Lys-Val-Asp (SEQ ID NO:542) (Chaudhary et al., 1990, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* 87:1066-1070) and Lys-Glu-Ser-Gly-Ser-Val-Ser-Ser-Glu-Gln-Leu-Ala-Gln-Phe-Arg-Ser-Leu-Asp (SEQ ID NO:543) (Bird et al., 1988, *Science* 242:423-426).--

LU et al. Application No.: 09/724,553 Page 20

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 159, line 7, with the following:

B64

--All peptides were chemically synthesized by standard procedures. The Tat-CD3 carboxyl terminus fusion peptide, (GYGRKKRRQRRRGPPSSSSGL, SEQ ID NO:174); Tat-CLASP1 carboxyl terminus fusion peptide, (GYGRKKRRQRRRGSISSSAEV, SEQ ID NO:243); Tat-CLASP2 carboxyl terminus fusion peptide, (GYGRKKRRQRRRGMTSSSSVV, SEQ ID NO:176); and Tat peptide, (GYGRKKRRQRRRG, SEQ ID NO:173); were dissolved at 1 mM in PBS, pH 7, or dH2O. Stock MBPAc1-16 peptide, (AcASQKRPSQRHGSKYLA, SEQ ID NO:408), was dissolved at 5 mM. All peptides were aliquoted and stored at -80°C until tested.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 163, line 1, with the following:



--DNA fragments to clone that contained the ATG-start codon were cloned into pDsRED1-N1. Fragments void of a proper translation initiation codon were cloned into pDsRED1-N-(+ATG), since this vector includes an translation initiation start codon. Vector pDsRED1-N1(+ATG) differs from pDsRED1 only with regard to the multiple cloning sites. The sequence that is unique to pDsRED1-N1(+ATG) is shown below; boundaries with pDsRED1-N1 are printed in lower case and correspond to nucleotides N 633 and N 662 in pDsRED1-N1, respectively.

5'-attGCCACCATGGGAATTCTGGATCCGGGAgat-3' (SEQ ID NO:540)--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 163, line 11, with the following:



--Linker sequences between the cloned inserts and RFP vary depending on the vectors and on the restriction endonuclease used for cloning. Deduced linker amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS:462 and 463) are listed in the table below; For some constructs, the first N-terminal and / or last C-terminal amino acid corresponds to a linker amino acid introduced by the cloning process but is not represented at that position in the corresponding gene.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 164, line 6, with the following:

--aa 1 - aa 341 (SEQ ID NO:464)--

LU et al.

Application No.: 09/724,553

Page 21

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 164, line 20, with the following:

--aa 1 - aa 197 (SEQ ID NO:465)--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 164, line 30, with the following:

--aa 246 - aa 341 (SEQ ID NO:466)--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 164, line 34, with the following:

-- Primers (SEQ ID NOS:476-479):

--Filliers (SEQ ID NOS.470-479)

308 DVF (N 128 - N 155) 5'-TCGGAATTCGTCGCGCCATGGCGGAGAC-3'

311 DVR (N 1004 - N 1032) 5'-GGGAATTCGGTCCCAGCACTTGGCCACAG-3'

344 DVF (N 873 - N 900) 5'-CCAGAATTCTCAACATCGTCACTGTCAC-3'

345 DVR (N713 - N744) 5'-TCGGAATTCCATCCTCGTCCGAGTCCACAAAG-3'--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 165, line 14, with the following:

--aa 389 - aa 803 (SEQ ID NO:467)--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 165, line 30, with the following:

--aa 443 - aa 534 (SEQ ID NO:468)--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 165, line 34, with the following:

-- Primers (SEQ ID NOS:480-483):

1 Timers (BEQ ID 1108.400-403).

318 KIF (N 1366 - N 1393) 5'-AGACAATTGAGGAAATGATGTACTTTGG-3'

319 KIR (N 1830 - N 1857) 5'-GAACAATTGCAATAGGCCTTGAAACTAC-3'

320 KIR (N 2640 - N 2667) 5'-ACCCAATTGTAGTCCTTCCTATAACATC-3'



Page 22

341 KIF (N 1567 - N 1593) 5'-ATAGAATTCTAAAAGATGGAAGTGTAC-3'--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 166, line 11, with the following:

--aa 1 - aa 251 (SEQ ID NO:469)--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 166, line 23, with the following:

--aa 1 - aa 147 (SEQ ID NO:470)--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 166, line 32, with the following:

--aa 155 - aa 251 (SEQ ID NO:471)--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 166, line 36, with the following:

-- Primers (SEQ ID NOS:484-487):

Bleg

322 PAF (N 55 - N 82) 5'-CCCGAATTCGCCATGGCCCGGCCGCAGAG-3'

324 PAR (N 798 - N 825) 5'-CGTGAATTCGCTGGTTGGCGGGCTTGAC-3'

342 PAF (N 519 - N 548) 5'-GAGGAATTCCGACGGGTGCGGCTGCACAAG-3'

343 PAR (N 485 - N 516) 5'-GCAGAATTCCCACGTCTATGACTGAGGAAAC-3'--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 167, line 13, with the following:

--aa 1 - aa 442 (SEQ ID NO:472)--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 167, line 23, with the following:

B10

--primers (SEQ ID NOS:488 and 489):

315 PSF (N847 - N876) 5'-AGAGAATTCAGAGATATGTCCCAGAGACCAAG-3' 304 PSR (N 2161 - N 2189) 5'-CGAGAATTCTGTACTCTTCTGGTTTATAC-3'--

LU et al.

Application No.: 09/724,553

Page 23

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 168, line 2, with the following:

--aa 399 - aa 572 (SEQ ID NO:473)--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 168, line 6, with the following:

B

-- Primers (SEQ ID NOS:490 and 491):

336 CAF (N 1484 - N 1512) 5'-CCAGAATTCGGCTGGTACAGTTTCAAAAG-3'

325 CAR (N 1722 - N 1750) 5'-ACTGAATTCGGTAACTTGGCACAATCTTG-3'--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 168, line 24, with the following:

--aa.1 - aa 317 (SEQ ID NO:474)--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 168, line 31, with the following:

B12

-- Primers (SEQ ID NOS:492 and 493):

305 MF (N 58 - N 84) 5'-AGAGAATTCAGAGCCCTTGCCTCCTTC-3'

306 MR (N 798 - N 825) 5'-TGAGAATTCCTTTCCGCTTCTCCAG-3'--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 169, line 7, with the following:

--aa 3 - aa 125 (SEQ ID NO:475)--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 169, line 12, with the following:

-- Primers (SEQ ID NOS:494 and 495):

1318 TIP R3-1 (N 336 - N 356) 5'-CAGTCCATGCTGTCGGATCCG-3'

1317 TIP R5-1* 5'-GTCGGAATTCCCTACATCCCG-3'

*Primer 5' end corresponds to the nucleotide that is located 29 nucleotides 5' of N 1; primer sequence corresponds to sequence determined by 5' RACE; numbering corresponds to GenBank sequence entry (GI 2613001).--



LU et al. Application No.: 09/724,553 Page 24



Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 177, line 4, with the following:



--Human papilloma virus (HPV) infection plays a role in development of cervical carcinoma. The oncoprotein responsible for this is the early gene E6 from strains 16, 18 and 31. E6 associates with p53 and shunts this tumor suppressor into the ubiquitin proteosomal pathway to affect transformation. Using the PL motifs disclosed herein, we noted that the E6 from oncogenic strains HPV16, 18 and 31 are PDZ ligands (PLs) with the carboxy-terminal E-T-Q-V/L. Similarly, the E6 of oncogenic strain HPV66 has the carboxy-terminus ESTV (SEQ ID NO:212), which also matches the consensus PDZ binding motif.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 177, line 11, with the following:

B75

--We performed an expanded search of the HPV E6 proteins and discovered HPV70 E6 fits perfectly the described PDZ consensus ETQV (SEQ ID NO:496), identical to HPV18 and 31. We can thus predict that HPV70 is likely oncogenic on the basis that E6 is a PDZ ligand. Other HPV strains with E6 proteins that are potential PLs (based on motifs) include 57 (RTSH; SEQ ID NO:497), 2a (RTLH; SEQ ID NO:498), 63 (LYII; SEQ ID NO:499). Strains 77 (QSRQ; SEQ ID NO:500) and 80 (GSIE; SEQ ID NO:501)may also be PLs, although the motif match is less strong. This information is summarized in **TABLE 9**.--

Please replace the paragraph (Table9) beginning at page 178, line 1, with the following (see attached sheet):



Table 9

HPV E6	C-TERMIN	NAL SEQUENCES	·····		
Strain	GI	C-TERMINAL E6 SEQUENCES	SEQ ID NO:	ONCOGENIC	PDZ LIGAND
61	9628574	TGPCTARWQP	502		NO
60	9628566	RQRSYCRNCIEK	503		NO
55	9628558	CWTSCMETILP	504		NO
50	9628550	CCRNCYEHEG	505	NO	NO
48	9628542	CRNCISHEGR	506	NO	NO
44	9628534	CFHCWTSCMETILP	507	NO	NO
38	9628526	GNWKGRCRHCKAIE	508	NO	NO
37	9628518	WKGLCRHCGSIG	509	NO	NO
66	9628582	TGSCLQCWRHTSRQATESTV	510	YES	YES
57	9626033	RCMNCAPRCMENAPALRTSH	511	ND	YES?
2a	9626032	HCMNCGSSCTATDPASRTLH	512	ND	YES?
16	4927719	WTGRCMSCCRSSRTRRETQL	513	YES	YES
18	60995	HSCCNRARQERLQRRRETQV	514	YES	YES
31	333048	GRWTGRCIACWRRPRTETQV	515	YES	YES
33		CAACWRSARRRRLQRRRETAL	516	YES	YES
51		CANCWQRTRQRRLQRRNETQV	517	YES	YES
52		CSECWRPTRRPRLQRRRVTQV	518	YES	YES
58		CAVCWRPARRRRLQRRRQTQV	519	YES	YES
70	134508	RHCWTSNREDRRRIRRETQV	520	ND	YES
63	312092	VHKVRNKFKAKCSLCRLYII	521	ND	YES
77	2911558	GHWRGSCLHCWSRCMGQSRQ	522		?
80	2911565	QFHKVRRNWKGLCRHCGSIE	523		?
21	9628462	WKGICRLCKHFQ	524		NO
11	333026	WKGRCLHCWTTCMEDLLP	525	NO	NO
36	9628510	WKGICRQCKHFYNDW	526	NO	NO
29	9628502	WRGSCLYCWSRCMGQSPR	527	NO	NO
28	9628494	CQYCWLRCTVRIPQ	528	NO	NO
24	9628486	KVRRGWKGLCRQCKQI	529	NO	NO
22	9628470	VRDHWKGRCRHCKAIE	530	NO	NO
21	9628462	HKVRGSWKGICRLCKHFQ		NO	NO
20	9628454	FYLVRGSWKGICRLCKHFQ	532	NO	NO
4	9626597	TCYLIRGLWRGYCRNCIRKQ	533	ND	NO
54	1017782	RRFHCVRGYWKGRCLHCWKP	534		
5B	9626498	KVRNAWKGICRQCKHFYHDW	535		
74	1491796	NTWKGRCFHCWTTCMENILP	536		
75	2911544	EFHKVRNRWKGVCRHCRVIE	537		
76	2911544	EFHKVRNRWKGVCRHCRVIE	537		
47	9627136	KVRNAWKGVCRQCKHFYNDW	538	ND	NO
65	9626613	ACYLIRGLWRGYCRNCIRKQ	539		l



LU et al.

Application No.: 09/724,553

Page 25

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 180, line 15, with the following:



--In Figure 8, the bars on the left hand side of the figure show that increasing concentrations of the peptide inhibitor (the C-terminal 8 amino acids of BLR-1) are somewhat effective at blocking binding of 1 uM of the biotinylated C-terminal 20 amino acids of BLR-1 to KIAA0807 GST/PDZ fusion protein. The bars of the right hand side of the figure show that increasing concentrations of the small molecule inhibitor (Acetyl-LTTF; SEQ ID NO:2) are equally or more effective. In Figure 9, the bars on the left hand side of the figure show that increasing concentrations of the peptide inhibitor (the C-terminal 8 amino acids of Dock2) are somewhat effective at blocking binding of the 1 uM of the biotinylated C-terminal 20 amino acids of Dock2 to KIAA0807 GST/PDZ fusion protein. The bars on the right hand side of the figure show that increasing concentrations of the small molecule inhibitor (Acetyl-STDL; SEQ ID NO:29) are equally or more effective. Thus, a general route to producing a small molecule inhibitor of a PDZligand interaction is to synthesize a molecule corresponding to the C-terminal four amino acids of the involved ligand, acetylated at the N-terminus. This compound can subsequently be altered by art known means (e.g., changing its covalent composition to optimize pharmacokinetic properties without grossly altering its molecular structure, especially the molecular structure of the most Cterminal protein).--

Please insert the accompanying paper copy of the Sequence Listing, page numbers 1 to 126, at the end of the application.

REMARKS

Applicants request entry of this amendment in adherence with 37 C.F.R. §§1.821 to 1.825. This amendment is accompanied by a floppy disk containing the above named sequences, SEQ ID NOS:1-543, in computer readable form, and a paper copy of the sequence information which has been printed from the floppy disk.

The information contained in the computer readable disk was prepared through the use of the software program "FastSEQ" and is identical to that of the paper copy. This amendment contains no new matter.